

SECTION 220 RIPRAP CONSTRUCTION

220.1 DESCRIPTION:

Riprap construction shall consist of furnishing and placing stone, with or without grout, and underlain with filter material of granular filter blankets or erosion control geosynthetic fabric. The depth and type of riprap shall be as shown on the plans or in the special provisions.

220.2 MATERIALS

Riprap shall conform to the requirements of Section 703.

Erosion control geosynthetic fabric shall conform to the requirements of Table 796-3 in Section 796.

Waste or sacked concrete shall not be permitted for use as riprap

The Contractor, at no additional cost, shall provide mechanical equipment, a sorting site, and labor needed to assist in checking riprap gradation.

Granular filter blankets shall consist of processed natural material conforming to the requirements of Section 702.3, with the gradation and thicknesses as specified on the plans or in the special provisions..

220.3 PREPARATION OF GROUND SURFACES

The bed for placement of riprap shall be shaped and trimmed to provide even surfaces.

220.4 PLACEMENT OF EROSION CONTROL GEOSYNTHETIC FABRIC:

Fabric shall be placed at the locations shown on the project plans. The Contractor shall provide a surface free of obstructions, depressions, debris, and soft yielding surfaces prior to the placement of fabric. The fabric shall be loosely laid (not in a stretched condition), aligned and placed with no fold over wrinkles.

The fabric shall be placed to provide a minimum 24-inch of overlap for each joint. On horizontal joints, the uphill fabric shall overlap the downhill fabric. On vertical joints, the upstream fabric shall overlap the downstream fabric.

Bedding material shall be placed uniformly on the fabric to the depth specified on the plans and shall be free of mounds, dips, and windrows. Bedding material shall not be compacted.

220.5 RIPRAP PLACEMENT:

Riprap shall be carefully placed on filter material consisting of a granular filter blanket or the bedding material on erosion control geosynthetic fabric. Placement shall not damage the underlying filter blanket or geosynthetic fabric. If the Engineer determines that the placement of stone has damaged or displaced the filter material to the extent that it cannot function as intended, the Contractor, at his expense, shall remove the placed riprap stone and properly correct the damage to, and/or the displacement of, the filter material. Such correction may include the removal of the filter material, re-grading the affected area, and subsequent replacement of the filter material and riprap stone as required by the Engineer.

Riprap shall be placed in a manner which will produce a dense, reasonably well-graded mass without segregation and with a minimum amount of voids. The larger stone shall be evenly distributed through the riprap mass. The individual placement of larger riprap stones may be required to obtain a uniform distribution of stone size. The riprap placement shall be supplemented by such hand methods as are required to obtain a uniform finished surface. Allowable tolerance from the slope lines and grades shown

for the finished riprap surfaces shall not exceed a distance equal to 1/3 of the nominal D_{50} size above or below the design surfaces. The final surface elevations shall be lower than any adjacent apron or pipe invert elevations and shall not obstruct the operation of adjacent structures. The flow line within riprap shall provide positive drainage with minimal ponding. Individual stones shall depress below the finished grades no lower than a distance equal to 1/2 of the nominal D_{50} size. Special care shall be exercised in placing riprap within 3 feet of structures to avoid damage to such structures.

220.6 GROUTED RIPRAP:

Place riprap as specified in Section 220.5, excluding the use of filter material, then grout in place with portland cement mortar. Place grout to the depth as shown on the plan but in no case less than 70 percent of the depth of riprap. Consolidate grout into place with suitable spades, trowels or other approved means to provide a dense stone and mortar layer with all voids and interstices filled. After grout has been placed, the rocks shall be thoroughly brushed so that their top surfaces are exposed. If required, use water pressure to clean stone faces after the mortar has achieved sufficient strength. The outer rocks shall project 1/3 to 1/4 their diameter above the grouted surface.

The grout shall consist of 1 part cement and 3 parts by volume of aggregate. The portland cement shall be Type II as specified in Section 725 and the aggregate shall be 2 parts sand and 1 part gravel passing a 3/8 inch square mesh screen. The quality of the sand and gravel shall be as specified in Section 701.

The amount of water shall be such as to permit gravity flow into the interstices with limited spading and brooming. The consistency of the grout shall be as approved by the Engineer.

Except when hand mixing is permitted by the Engineer, grout shall be mixed in an approved machine mixer for not less than 1 1/2 minutes. Should hand mixing be permitted, the cement and aggregate shall be thoroughly mixed in a clean, tight mortar box until the mixture is of uniform color after which clean water shall be added in such quantity as to provide a grout of the required consistency.

220.7 MEASUREMENT:

The completed, in place riprap construction within the limits of the dimensions shown on the plans shall be measured. Measurement will be in cubic yards rounded to the nearest cubic yard.

No separate measurement will be made for erosion control geosynthetic fabric, bedding material, or grout.

220.8 PAYMENT:

Payment for riprap will be made for the accepted complete in-place riprap construction at the contract unit price. Riprap construction shall include excavation, ground surface preparation, erosion control geosynthetic fabric (if used for the project), bedding material, riprap stone, grout (if used for the project) and backfilling.

Payment for riprap shall be full compensation for furnishing all material, labor and equipment for riprap construction.

SECTION 703

RIPRAP

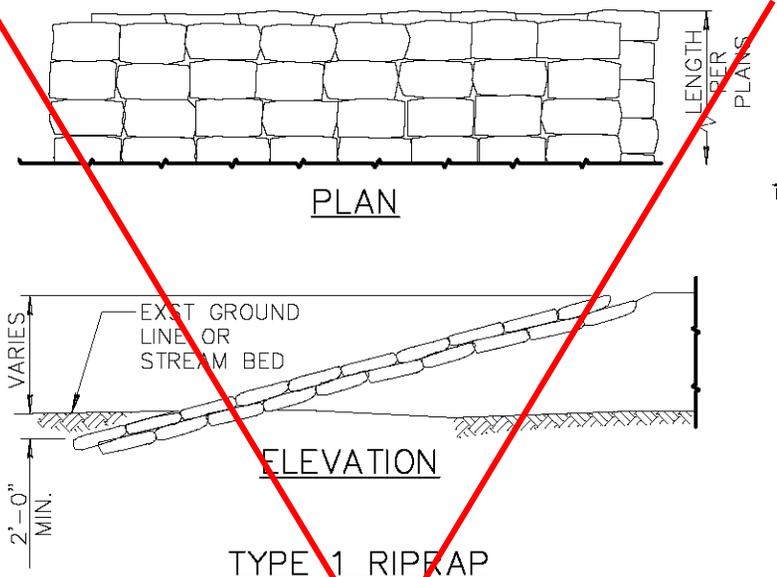
703.1 STONE:

Stone for plain and grouted riprap shall meet the requirements of Section 701.4. Stone shall be angular, rounded stone shall only be allowed when specified. Flat or needle shapes will not be acceptable unless the thickness of the piece is more than 1/3 the length.

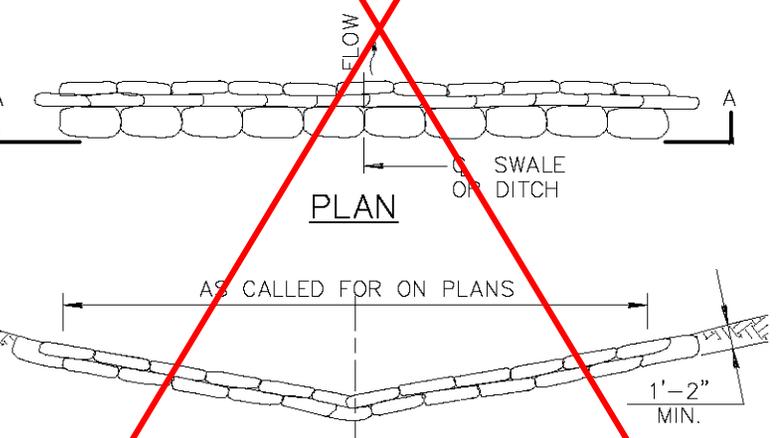
Stone shall be color-matched with adjacent landscape aggregate if specified on the plans or in the special provisions.

703.2 SIZE OF STONE:

Unless otherwise indicated the maximum stone size shall be 150% of the indicated D_{50} size and the minimum stone size shall be 50% of the indicated D_{50} size.

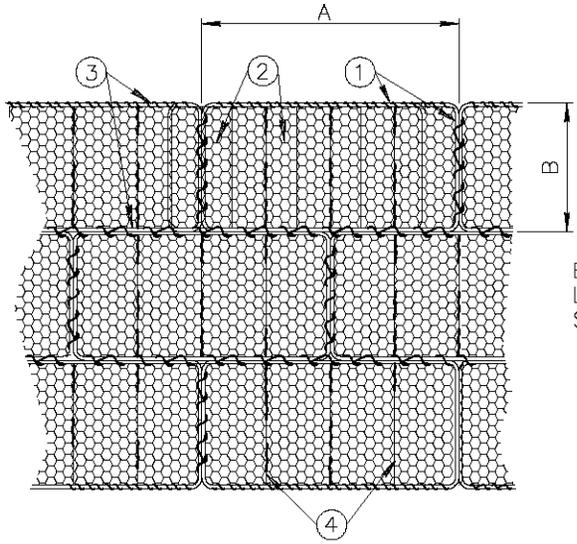


TYPE 1 RIPRAP

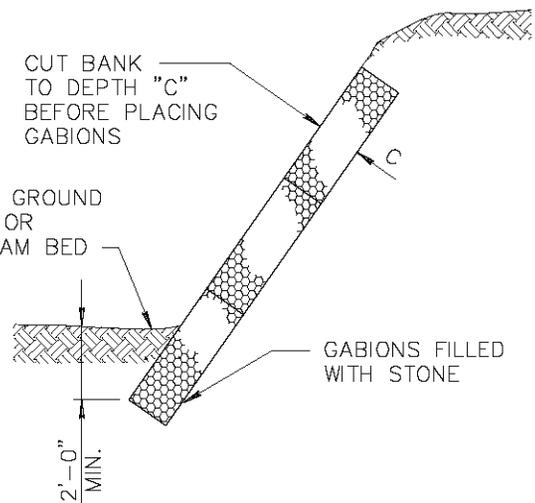


TYPE 2 RIPRAP

TYPICAL GABIONS



PLAN



ELEVATION

- ① HEAVY GAUGE FRAME WIRE.
- ② HEAVY GAUGE TRIPLE-TWIST HEXAGONAL MESH (OR EQUAL) FASTENED TO FRAME WIRE.
- ③ CONTINUOUS HEAVY GAUGE WRAPPED AROUND FRAMES TO FASTEN GABIONS TO EACH OTHER.
- ④ PARTITIONS TO PREVENT SHIFTING, NORMALLY ONE PER 3' LENGTH. INSTALLED AT FACTORY.

NOMINAL SIZE COMBINATIONS		
LENGTH	WIDTH	DEPTH
A	B	C
6'	3'	1', 1.5', 3'
9'	3'	1', 1.5', 3'
12'	3'	1', 1.5', 3'

OTHER SIZES AVAILABLE FROM MANUFACTURER.

NOTES:

- 1. PLAIN ROCK OR GROUTED ROCK MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR SACKED CONCRETE.
- 2. GROUT FOR RIPRAP MAY BE PNEUMATICALLY PLACED MORTAR.

GABIONS

DETAIL NO.

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STANDARD DETAIL ENGLISH

EROSION PROTECTION / RIPRAP

REVISED

DETAIL NO.

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